

Alliance for Batteries Technology, Training and Skills 2019-2023

Workshop Evaluation

~~~

Vessels of the future: Maritime Batteries - Job Roles and Skills







## **Workshop Evaluation**

## Workshop name:

Vessels of the future: Maritime Batteries - Job Roles and Skills

#### Date and venue:

19.01.2021 - Cisco Webex

#### Workshop purpose:

Identification of future job roles and skills; evaluation and verification of project progress/outputs

#### **Organizer:**

ALBATTS

#### Format:

Online Webinar

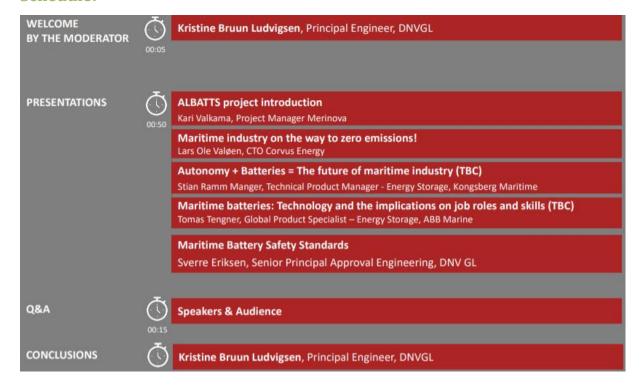
#### **Location:**

Webex

#### **Content:**

- About the ALBATTS Project
- Maritime industry on the way to zero emissions
- Autonomy & batteries: the future for Maritime industry
- Technology and the implication on job roles and skills
- Safety standards
- Q&A session

#### **Schedule:**







## **Workshop Minutes**

#### **Kristine Bruun Ludvigsen (DNVGL)**

Purpose and organization of the webinar

Electrified vessels can bring environmental benefits, better operational performance, more flexibility in operations

#### Kari Valkama (Merinova)

Presentation of ALBATTS project

First findings on skills and job roles from ALBATTS Desk research I. presented with regards to **operation, repair and maintenance** in the maritime – three types opf repairs – emergency repairs when operating offshore, repair in docks, service.

#### Lars Ole Valøen (Corvus)

His own career (25 years in the industry) a good example of new skills in the maritime / the change in the maritime industry – in the early years his skills (electrochemist) not relevant, today totally different situation.

Switch from batteries to batteries with continuous refill (fell cell) representing the big change in maritime

Not only environmental benefits of electrified vessels but also finding new solutions requiring less maintenance, economic models

Fully electric, hybrid vessels presented – significant CO2, NOx savings. According to a study, payback time for CO2 (taking into account also production of the batteries) can be 1,5 months, for NOx  $10\,\mathrm{days}$ 

Electrification thriving in certain vessel segments – cruise ships, car and passenger ferries, fishing vessels. Big ocean going vessels difficult to be electrified yet.

Batteries heavier and requiring more space than liquid fuels, but more energy efficient.

Battery modelling; electrochemical processes in the battery; system performance and impact of electrochemical processes; control over battery state of charge, lifetime and other properties; SOC; SOH; electrochemistry; usage patterns of batteries; batteries as an enabler for autonomy of the vessels, economic viability; **cooling** / heating systems; circuit shortage and safety precautions; servicing; less maintenance for batteries than other fuels/technologies; remote monitoring systems for batteries (information systems); IoT; cloud connections

Job Roles: engineering + R&D; technical sales; customer applications and customer service

**Skills and knowledge trends:** market understanding; adaptation and flexibility; learning ability; utilizing digital tools...

Travel requirements could lower with the batteries – sometimes can be handled from the home office; battery systems possibly virtually maintenance free;

Concluding remarks:

Maritime industry coming back to more environmentally friendly propulsion





Huge impact of electrification of the industry expected - battery systems are virtually maintenance free, ideal for autonomous operation

Deep electrochemistry knowledge becoming key for R&D – model-building, digital twin construction

Computer & programming skills needed – moving from on-ship to over the air service

#### Stian Manger (Kongsberg Maritime) - energy storage and future

Company providing Energy storage systems (ESS) for vessels - battery hybrid solutions

Advantages - high energy density; space efficiency; optimization

ESS also enable alternative fuels usage LNG; Hydrogen; ammonia;

Different solutions for various vessels, applications: SAVe Energy, SAVe Power, SAVe power+ Operating modes

- Peak-shaving helping the diesel engine saves fuel, increases efficiency of the diesel engine
- Spinning reserve one or battery packs as a backup in case of failure the main business for the offshore supply vessels
- Zero emission particularly interesting for short distances e. g. a ferry crossing a fjord, cruise ship being require to run on zero emission at some point
- Blackout recovery
- Enhanced load sharing

Future for the electrified vessels – enabling autonomous shipping; reduced maintenance; alternative fuel enabler; every 3<sup>rd</sup> ship to have **energy storage according to a study.** 

Geographical coverage – Norway and Europe leading the energy storage implementation in maritime – car/passenger ferries; offshore supply ships - importance for Europe to be less dependent on Asian suppliers of batteries

Cell production increase by electric vehicles demand -> as a result cost reduction on cell and module level also for maritime

Raw materials and sustainability focus is very important for EES manufacturers in Europe.

#### Skills set to be needed

**ESS** - Safety; electrical capability and limitation; mechanical design of rack and modules; cell topologies

**Electrical skills** – power electronics; electrical integration of ESS; external faults impact on energy storage

**Software development** - internal safety, battery management system, integration aspects

Deep chemical and production skills **not as important** for maritime as the market will be dominated and driven by mass production for EVs and EES

Tomas Tengner (ABB Marine & Ports) - products, systems and service and software





ABB heavily involved in the battery value chain providing components, systems - incl. e. g. process automatization for gigafactories

"Electric, digital and connected" vision

Providing electric power distribution solutions in vessels – AC/on board DC grids, battery cells/fuel cells, propulsion unit

Providing propulsion, electric solutions, digital solutions services for vessels as well as port electrification, crane automatization

Addressing all vessels segments except from small leisure boats

Offering solutions for charging technology, onboard DC Grid, batteries and fuel cells

Growing interest in long haul transport

Digitalization of the vessels – enables remote diagnostics, cloud connection becomes important–future proof fleet

Batteries future enabler for automation, parking assistance, autonomous sailing etc. leading to unmanned ships with no personnel due to remote diagnostic/servicing possibilities

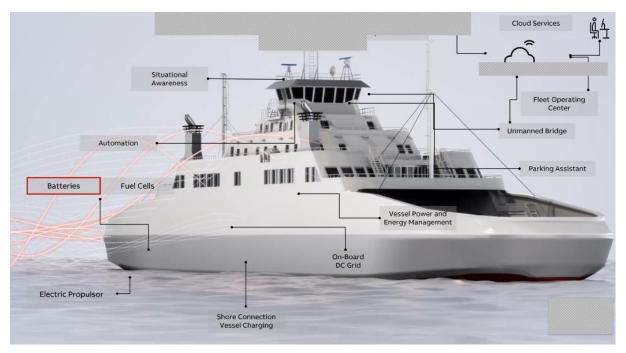


ABB are a system integrator, not making their own batteries – rely on their suppliers such as Corvus and other in this regard – need some electro-chemistry knowledge in-house, as well as other competencies (note: as described on the chart bellow)



#### Domain-knowlege needed

â





- Electro-Chemistry
- Performance
- Aging
- Charaterization



- Modelling
- Optimization
- State estimation
- Advanced Control system development



- Safety electrical & fire safety
- Power Electronics & DC protection
- Electronics and communication



- Data analysis
- Diagnosis
- Prognosis
- Artificial intelligence

What did Tomas study himself: – thermodynamics; physics; chemistry; electrical engineering; energy systems engineering

General needs: more versatile workforce; broader competence needed

#### Sverre Eriksen - DNVGL

Company employs electrical engineers, fire experts; control system experts.

Classification of ships, certification, verification and testing against regulatory requirements, standards and recommended practices

Development of new rules, standards and recommended practices

Qualification of new technologies and operational concepts

Expert advisory on safety, technology, data management; efficiency, performance; and risk management

Organizations in maritime sector somehow addressing batteries in vessels - ISO/IEC /UN/IMO/CENELCE/ANSI/UL

Electrification of the vessels – it started in 2011 with offshore supply vessels "Viking lady" 1,5MWh battery from Corvus – first pilot

2015 – fully electric vessel pilot – since then it started to boom

Competences needed - Fire-safety engineers knowing how to extinguish lithium battery nobody globally knew how to do it, electric engineers, experts on certification of battery, industrial design, people able to embed SW into systems

How to prohibit that a cell in a module in a thermal runaway does not put on fire other cells, module

Example of hybrid vessel "Color Line" with 5MWh battery – running on electricity in the ports and nearby, switching to diesel engine later on, charging in the port is ensured

Competences needed: Electricity, control systems, fire safety, chemistry

Safety is crucial – no chance to run away in case of a fire

#### **Debate**

Do solar panels have any relevance on ships at sea for re-supply of electricity?

Other energy harvesting technologies might be viable





Are there any synergies between maritime industry and automotive with respect to batteries (product / usage / recycling / second life ...)?

 Production volumes in automotive, batteries can be used in maritime, focus of automotive into batteries is benefiting maritime, electrification of maritime is spearheading mainly because of policy of less taxation on EVs, batteries should be used constantly this is profitable long term.

Which battery relevant competences are missing now at the job market (if any) and which new competences do you think will be needed in the future?

- Deep competence in battery, battery technology, mathematics, chemistry with system overview of other fields
- System integration and up to date technology
- Battery experience and knowledge, academy is lagging behind industry, battle for people by all electrifying industries

Do you think that existing maritime machine engineers can be easily upskilled or reskilled to handle E-ships propulsion systems?

 Better understanding of electronics and control systems, young educated are better learners.

Questions from the audience not answered in the workshop

LIB and Fuel cells; which technology is more compatible in Maritime?

What training does a Mechanical Engineer, specialized on Product Development, need to move to battery industry?

Are ships, parallel or serial hybrid?

Fuel cells and lithium: Hand in hand with hybrid batteries – load variations

SW development skills



# **Evaluation - Mapping to Topics of Intelligence**

### Stakeholders Identified:

| Name               | Specialization     | Importance | Contacts/Links |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------|----------------|
| ABB Marine & Ports | System integration | High       | ABB.com        |
| DNV.GL             | Class Society      | High       | DNVGL.com      |
| Kongsberg Maritime | System integration | High       | Kongsberg.com  |
|                    |                    |            |                |
|                    |                    |            |                |

# **Technologies Identified:**

| Name                  | Description              | Comment                    | Links |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------|
| IoT                   | Industrial sensors and   |                            |       |
|                       | data                     |                            |       |
| Cloud connected       | Industrial IOT           |                            |       |
| batteries             |                          |                            |       |
| Monitoring systems    | Industrial IOT           |                            |       |
| Digital twins         | Industrial IOT           |                            |       |
| Battery hybrid        | Traditional & Fuel cells | LNG, Hydrogen,             |       |
| solutions             |                          | ammonia                    |       |
| Peak shaving          | Use-case                 |                            |       |
| Spinning reserve      | Use-case                 |                            |       |
| Blackout recovery     | Use-case                 |                            |       |
| Enhanced load sharing | Use-case                 |                            |       |
| Autonomous shipping   | Trend                    | Electrification of vessels |       |
|                       |                          | as an enabler              |       |
| Connected digital     | Trend                    |                            |       |
| vision                |                          |                            |       |
| Modular systems       | Scalability for maritime |                            |       |
| Cloud connection      | Trend                    |                            |       |

# **Job Roles Identified:**

| Name                      | Value Chain                                       | Comment | Links |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------|-------|
| Engineering               | All parts of value chain                          |         |       |
| R&D                       | Innovation: new<br>products and tech<br>solutions |         |       |
| Technical sales           | Maritime is tailor-made solutions                 |         |       |
| Customer applications     | Maritime is solution selling                      |         |       |
| Customer service          | Troubleshooting and customer relationships        |         |       |
| Fire expert               | Safety first                                      |         |       |
| Control system expert     | Software and technology expertise                 |         |       |
| Electrical engineer       | Fundamental skills for maritime applications      |         |       |
| Expert advisors on safety | Safety first in maritime                          |         |       |



| Fire safety engineer | Safety first with tailor-<br>made solutions                                                   |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Service Engineer     | Both in-field and remote service. More and more condition based with monitoring applications. |

# **Skills/Competence or Knowledge Identified:**

| Name                     | Job Roles     | Comment | Links |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------|-------|
| Battery modelling        | Numerous      |         |       |
| Electrochemical          | Engineering   |         |       |
| processes in battery     | 0 0           |         |       |
| Impact of                | Engineering   |         |       |
| electrochemical          | o o           |         |       |
| processes on system      |               |         |       |
| performance              |               |         |       |
| SoC control              | Engineering   |         |       |
| SoC, SoH management      | Engineering   |         |       |
| Electrochemistry         | Numerous      |         |       |
| Battery patterns         | Engineering   |         |       |
| Cooling/heating          | Engineering   |         |       |
| systems                  |               |         |       |
| Battery safety           | Numerous      |         |       |
| Servicing                | Numerous      |         |       |
| Monitoring systems       | Numerous      |         |       |
| IoT                      | Numerous      |         |       |
| Cloud                    | Numerous      |         |       |
| Market understanding     | Numerous      |         |       |
| Learning ability         | Numerous      |         |       |
| Utilize digital tools    | Numerous      |         |       |
| Build models             | Engineering   |         |       |
| Digital twin             | Modelling and |         |       |
|                          | simulation    |         |       |
| Programming              | Numerous      |         |       |
| Power electronics        | Engineering   |         |       |
| Electrical integration   | Numerous      |         |       |
| Fault management &       | Engineering   |         |       |
| identification           |               |         |       |
| Electrical skills        | Numerous      |         |       |
| Software development     | Numerous      |         |       |
| Chemical skills          | Engineering   |         |       |
| Production skills        | Numerous      |         |       |
| Electrochemistry         | Numerous      |         |       |
| Performance of           | Engineering   |         |       |
| batteries                |               |         |       |
| Aging of battery         | Engineering   |         |       |
| Characterization of      | Engineering   |         |       |
| battery                  |               |         |       |
| Optimization             | Numerous      |         |       |
| Advanced control         | Engineering   |         |       |
| systems development      |               |         |       |
| Safety: electrical, fire | Numerous      |         |       |



| Power electronics and protection | Numerous      |  |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Electronics                      | Numerous      |  |
| Communication                    | Numerous      |  |
| Data analysis                    | Numerous      |  |
| Diagnosis                        | Modelling and |  |
| _                                | simulation    |  |
| Prognosis                        | Modelling and |  |
|                                  | simulation    |  |
| Artificial intelligence          | Numerous      |  |
| Thermodynamics                   | Engineering   |  |
| Physics                          | Numerous      |  |
| Chemistry                        | Engineering   |  |
| Electrical engineering           | Engineering   |  |
| Energy systems                   | Engineering   |  |
| engineering                      |               |  |
| Classification                   | Numerous      |  |
| Certification                    | Numerous      |  |
| Verification and testing         | Numerous      |  |
| Regulatory                       | Numerous      |  |
| requirements                     |               |  |
| Standards                        | Numerous      |  |
| Regulations                      | Numerous      |  |
| Data management                  | Numerous      |  |
| Risk management                  | Numerous      |  |
| Industrial design                | Numerous      |  |
| Embedded systems                 | Numerous      |  |
| Electricity                      | Numerous      |  |
| Control systems                  | Engineering   |  |
| Fire safety                      | Numerous      |  |
| System integration               | Numerous      |  |
| Electronics                      | Numerous      |  |
| Control systems                  | Numerous      |  |
| Autonomous control systems       | Numerous      |  |

# **Drivers of Change Identified:**

| Name                                                         | Influence                                   | Comment               | Links |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| Shorter payback time for CO2, NOx                            | Maritime applications of batteries          |                       |       |
| Batteries need less<br>maintenance than<br>traditional fuels | Favors batteries in application             |                       |       |
| Less dependence on Asia                                      | European battery strategy                   |                       |       |
| Europe leading in battery maritime                           | Technology innovation frontier is in Europe |                       |       |
| EV demand                                                    | Cost of batteries and production rise       | Cell and module level |       |
| Focus on Raw<br>materials for Europe                         | Battery cell production in Europe           |                       |       |
| Less taxation policy on EVs                                  | Electrification of maritime                 |                       |       |



| Academia is lacking behind industry | Skills gap must be closed |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Autonomous control of               | Enabled by the            |
| vessels                             | electrification           |

## **Post-Workshop Survey**

After the workshop, a satisfaction mini-survey was sent to the participants - 8 persons responded.

Overall, the participants were very satisfied with the webinar presentations and discussion.

| What is your overall assessment of the event? |         |       |  |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------|-------|--|
| Choice                                        | Answers | %     |  |
| 1=Insufficient                                | 0       | 0%    |  |
| 2                                             | 1       | 12,5% |  |
| 3                                             | 0       | 0%    |  |
| 4                                             | 4       | 50%   |  |
| 5=Excelent                                    | 3       | 37,5% |  |
| Total                                         | 8       | 100%  |  |

The audience appreciated as interesting the presentations delivered by:

| Which topic (presentation) did you find most interesting or useful? |        |       |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Choice                                                              | Answer | %     |  |
| Corvus Energy                                                       | 3      | 17,6% |  |
| Kongsberg Maritime                                                  | 5      | 29,4% |  |
| ABB Marine & Ports                                                  | 5      | 29,4% |  |
| DNVGL                                                               | 4      | 23,5% |  |
| Total                                                               | 17     | 100%  |  |

Almost all participants claim they gained knowledge and information from participation in the webinar.

| Knowledge and information gained from participation at this event? |        |       |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Choice                                                             | Answer | %     |  |
| Yes                                                                | 5      | 62,5% |  |
| Somehow                                                            | 3      | 37,5% |  |
| No                                                                 | 0      | 0%    |  |
| Total                                                              | 8      | 100%  |  |



#### Written feedback:

- How do you think the webinar could have been made more effective?
  - o "Little more time for each speaker
- In your opinion, what are the battery relevant future jobs and skills needed in the battery production sector and why?
  - o Battery service, working with High voltage, Handling faulty battery.
- Comments and suggestions (including activities or initiatives you think would be useful, for the future)
  - o Increasing awareness on Battery safety to all (End user, service person, Technical and non-technical management, etc.,)

## Lessons learned and points to be improved:

- Increase the involvement of the audience
- Motivate more viewers to write feedback